



DIVOTAL STUDIES

2023

Our disease-specific instruments were shown to be more responsive in detecting clinically-relevant changes compared to traditional functional measures





Huntington's Disease

Dyne therapeutics announces positive initial clinical data from ACHIEVE trial in DM1 patients and DELIVER trial in DMD patients demonstrating promise of the FORCE[™] platform in developing therapeutics for rare muscle diseases

From their press release:

"Improvement in Myotonia (vHOT) as well as Fatigue (MDHI) Observed in Lowest Dose ACHIEVE Cohort at 6 Months"





Neurocrine Biosciences Announces FDA Approval of INGREZZA® (valbenazine) **Capsules for the Treatment of Chorea Associated With Huntington's Disease**



The Huntington's Disease-Health Index (HD-HI): Measuring Changes in Disease Burden in **Response to Valbenazine During** the **KINECT-HD** Trial



Safety and efficacy of valbenazine for the treatment of chorea associated with Huntington's disease (KINECT-HD): a phase 3, randomised, double-blind, placebo-controlled trial

Prof Erin Furr Stimming MD a, Daniel O Claassen MD b, Elise Kayson MS c, Jody Goldstein BS c, Raja Mehanna MD a, Hui Zhang PhD d, Grace S Liang MD d, Dietrich Haubenberger MD d



Spinal Muscular Atrophy SMA-HI

CMT-HI

Charcot Marie Tooth

Was used in a current clinical study looking at *Spinraza* efficacy in Adults with Spinal **Muscular Atrophy**



The SMA-HI showed a 5 point improvement in total disease burden over 14 months

Six month results of spinraza in adults with spinal muscular atrophy (SAS) study

Zaidman CM, Proud CM, Thonhoff JR, et al. Neurology. 2021;96(15):2446.





Applied Therapeutics Announces Positive Results from a 12-month Interim Analysis of Govorestat (AT-007) in the Ongoing INSPIRE Phase 3 Trial in Sorbitol Dehydrogenase (SORD) Deficiency

From their press release:

"Highly statistically significant effects on the CMT Health Index (CMT-HI) patient reported outcome measure (p=0.01), with benefit of govorestat on categories of lower limb function, mobility, fatigue, pain, sensory function, and upper limb function"







Facioscapulohumeral Muscular Dystrophy



NIH STARFISH: Study of Testosterone and rHGH in Facioscapulohumeral Muscular Dystrophy: Planning Infrastructure Execution and Readiness



• Primary outcome: safety and toreability

• Secondary outcomes: strength, function, muscle máss, disease burden (FSHD-HI)

Results from a 36-Week Open-Label Study of Recombinant Human Growth Hormone and Testosterone in Facioscapulohumeral Muscular Dystrophy (FSHD)

C. Heatwole, E. Leubbe, J. Hamel, P. Mongiovi, E. Ciafaloni, N. Dilek, W. Martens, D. Weber, R. Hani, J. Allen, C. Smith, S. Howell, S. Rosero, K. Eichinger, L. Baker, J. Dekdebrun, J. Hilbert, A. Varma, M. McDermott, C. Thornton, R. Moxley. American Academy of Neurology (AAN) Annual Meeting. Boston, MA. 4/22/23





- Higher relevance and content validity for target population
- Lower burden to patients and caregivers
- Strong correlation to functional capabilities
- Ability to lower sample size requirements
- Ability to emphasize relevant symptomatic themes of a specific population while excluding non-relevant issues
- Increased sensitivity to detect small, but clinically relevant changes in disease-specific health
- Better suited to measure disease progression or therapeutic gain over time